#### **UTAH MUNICIPAL POWER AGENCY**

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

HANSEN, BARNETT & MAXWELL
A Professional Corporation

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

### UTAH MUNICIPAL POWER AGENCY

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Utah Municipal Power Agency Spanish Fork, Utah

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Utah Municipal Power Agency (UMPA) as of June 30, 2005 and 2004 and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of UMPA's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of UMPA at June 30, 2005 and 2004 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated September 20, 2005 on our consideration of Utah Municipal Power Agency's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages two to four is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This supplementary information is the responsibility of UMPA's management. We have applied certain limited procedures which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit such information and we do not express an opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplemental Schedule of Changes in Funds Established by the Bond Indenture for the year ended June 30, 2005 is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. This supplemental schedule has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the examination of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

HANSEN, BARNETT & MAXWELL

Salt Lake City, Utah September 20, 2005

## UTAH MUNICIPAL POWER AGENCY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis provides an overview of the financial performance and activities of Utah Municipal Power Agency (UMPA or the Agency) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. The information presented should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

#### Financial Statements Overview

The Agency operates as a utility enterprise and substantially follows the Uniform System of Accounts prescribed by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. The accompanying basic financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Agency's basic financial statements include the balance sheet, the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets, and the statement of cash flows.

The balance sheet provides information about the nature and amount of assets and obligations (liabilities) of the Agency as of the end of the year. The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets reports revenues and expenses for the current year. The statement of cash flows reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operating, capital and related financing activities, and investing activities.

#### **Condensed Financial Statements and Analysis**

The following comparative condensed balance sheets summarize the financial position of the Agency for the years ended June 30, 2005 and 2004:

		Condensed E	Balar	ice Sheets			
		2005		2004	_	Dollar Change	Percentage <u>Change</u>
Assets:							
Utility plant & equipment, net	\$	19,923,089	\$	20,542,745	\$	<b>(619,656)</b>	(3.0)%
Current assets		32,255,061		29,881,204		2 <b>,3</b> 73,8 <b>57</b>	7.9 %
Deferred charges & other assets	_	5,738,331		7,672,230	_	<u>(1,933,899</u> )	(25. <b>2)%</b>
Total assets	\$	<b>57</b> ,916, <b>481</b>	<u>\$</u>	58,096,179	<u>\$</u>	<u>(179,698</u> )	(0.3)%
Liabilities:							
Long-term liabilities	\$	44,774,028	\$	47,367,335	\$	(2,593,307)	(5.5)%
Current liabilities		<b>8,</b> 092 <b>,89</b> 6		7 <b>,473,</b> 524		619,372	8. <b>3 %</b>
Deferred credits		5,046,207		3 <b>,251,</b> 970	_	1,794,237	55. <b>2</b> %
Total liabilities		<i>57</i> ,913,131		58,092,829		(179,698)	(0.3)%
Net assets:							
Invested in capital assets,							
net of related debt		(22,385,939)		(23,316,590)		930,651	(4.0)%
Restricted for debt service		7,481,650		6, <b>933</b> ,850		547,800	7.9 %
Restricted for rate stabilization		5,046,207		<b>3,251,</b> 970		1,794,237	55.2 <b>%</b>
Unrestricted		9,861,432		13 <b>,134,</b> 120		(3,272,688)	(2 <b>4.9)%</b>
Total net assets		3,350		<b>3,</b> 350			-
Total liabilities & net assets	<u>\$</u>	57,916,481	\$	58 <b>,096,</b> 179	\$	(179,698)	(0.3)%

#### Condensed balance sheet highlights are as follows:

- Utility plant & equipment, net decreased by approximately \$620,000 during 2005. This decrease is attributable to the difference of 2005 depreciation in excess of capital additions. Utility plant & equipment, net includes the Agency's 3.75% undivided ownership interest in the Bonanza Unit I, with a historical cost of \$27.32 million, and the Agency's 6.25% undivided ownership interest in certain related transmission facilities, with a historical cost of \$8.37 million.
- Higher current assets at year-end of \$2.37 million is the primary effect of a \$1.89 million increase in cash and cash equivalents and a \$576,000 increase in amounts on deposit at the trustee.

- Deferred charges decreased \$1.93 million in 2005. The reduction was primarily attributable to a 2005 decrease
  of \$3.65 million in deferred costs to be recovered from future billings to members and an increase in the Rate
  Stabilization fund of \$1.79 million. The remaining decrease is amortization of bond issuance costs and other
  deferred charges.
- Long-term liabilities decreased \$2.59 million in 2005. Long-term revenue bonds outstanding decreased \$2.13 million due to classification of the current portion of long-term liabilities and the net effect of bond premium and cost of reacquired debt amortization. Member payables decreased \$463,000 due to scheduled principal payments during the year.
- Current liabilities increased \$619,000 in 2005 substantially from an increase in the current portion of long-term debt included in current liabilities of \$580,000.
- Deferred credits increased \$1.79 million in 2005 which represents the net increase in the rate stabilization fund. The rate stabilization fund increase was a result of deposits made during the year less funds used for capital replacements at a dedicated resource. The Agency's rate stabilization account may be used to meet unanticipated increases in revenue requirements in subsequent periods or achieve rate stability to members.
- Restricted net assets are comprised of the Bond and Rate Stabilization Funds. The unrestricted net assets are comprised of the Revenue and Repair & Replacement Funds. These funds were created under UMPA's General Indenture of Trust (Bond Indenture) for the Series 2003 Revenue Refunding Bonds. The rate stabilization fund was created by UMPA Board resolution and was incorporated by the Bond Indenture.

The comparative condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets summarizes the changes in financial position of the Agency for the years ended June 30, 2005 and 2004:

#### Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

	2005	2004	Dollar Change	Percentage Change
Power sales	\$ 58,506,730	\$ 53,633,268	\$ 4,873,462	9.1%
Other revenues	497,226	157,924	339,302	214.9%
Operating revenues	59,003,956	53,791,192	5,212,764	9.7%
Operating expenses	53,458,446	49,819,294	3,639,152	7.3%
Operating income	5,545,510	<u>3,971,898</u>	1,573,612	39 <b>.6%</b>
Interest income Interest expense and	615,730	425,844	189,886	44.6%
debt related expenses Other non-operating revenues	(2,510,047)	(2,619,593)	109,546	(4.2)%
and expenses, net Non-operating expenses	(3,651,193) (5,545,510)	(1,778,149) (3,971,898)	(1,873,044) (1,573,612)	105.3% 39.6%
, , ,	(3,3,13,310)	(5,711,676)	(1,575,012)	37.070
Change in net assets	2 250	2 250	-	-
Beginning net assets Ending net assets	\$ 3,350 \$ 3,350	3,350 \$ 3,350	\$ -	-

• Operating revenues from power sales increased by approximately \$4.87 million between 2004 and 2005. Power sales consist principally of member power sales revenue, power sales to non-members, and any contributions to or distributions from the rate stabilization fund. Revenue from power sales to members increased \$1.58 million, or 3.7%, in 2005 whereas member capacity and energy was relatively unchanged. The increase is attributable to higher wholesale prices in the power market and an increased net contribution to the rate stabilization fund of \$584,000 from 2004 to 2005. Capacity and energy not needed for sales to members, in addition to power purchased on the market for resale, are sold to non-members. Energy sold to non-members in 2005 increased 11.7% resulting in a \$3.29 million, or 30%, increase in non-member revenue. The average revenue rate of non-member sales was 17% higher than the previous year. Utilization of available Agency resources was greater than 96% in 2005.

 Operating expenses increased by approximately \$3.64 million between 2005 and 2004. This difference is attributable primarily to dedicated resources, Western Area Power Administration (Western), Bonanza Unit I, and other power costs.

Dedicated resource costs increased by \$789,000 due to planned and unplanned outage costs at the Hunter Unit 1 resource.

Western costs decreased \$407,000 in 2005 with energy output declining 5.5% from the impact of continued drought on the SLIP hydro-resources. Reduced output from this resource was replaced by other Agency resources, although at a higher incremental cost.

Generation costs at Bonanza Unit 1 were \$200,000 higher in 2005 primarily due to a combination of higher maintenance costs and lower fuel costs at Bonanza Unit I. Energy output from the Bonanza resource increased over 3% in 2005.

Other power costs increased \$2.92 million in 2005. Other power costs consist of UMPA's long-term and firm contracts for power, supplemental power purchased on the market, and transmission. These increased costs are primarily attributable to higher capacity from the Agency's nominated and contractual step-in of the long-term contract with Deseret Generation & Transmission. Other power costs include power purchased for resale to non-members.

• Interest income increased \$190,000 in 2005 due to increasing interest rates and higher cash and investment balances.

#### **Long Term Debt Activity**

No long term debt activity occurred in 2005 other than scheduled debt service. In 2003, UMPA took advantage of low interest rates and current refunded the 1993 Series Revenue Refunding Bonds through the issuance of the 2003 Series Revenue Refunding Bonds. Incidental to the issuance of the 2003 Series, UMPA received an A1 credit rating from Moody's, which has remained unchanged.

#### **Budgetary Highlights**

UMPA's Board of Directors adopted a fiscal year 2005 budget with total expenditures of \$54.28 million. Budgeted operating expenses of \$50.03 million and debt service of \$4.25 million. Actual operating expenses were \$52.54 million, \$2.51 million or 5% above budget, due primarily to other purchased power costs for non-member sales and unplanned outages. Non-member sales were \$6.39 million above budget.

#### **Economic Factors**

Due to drought and lower hydrological conditions, Western, in consultation with customers, lowered the amount of resource available by 23% beginning October 2003. Western also instituted a general rate increase of approximately 22% effective October, 2005 to compensate for their revenue loss. Should the drought continue in the Colorado River basin drainage, Western will need to rely on market purchases to meet minimum contract obligations. This may cause additional increases in the Western rate. In 2005, the Western resource provided 27% of UMPA member load energy. UMPA has sufficient other resources to compensate for this reduced output, although at a higher incremental rate than the current Western rate.

Should the Agency suffer an extended loss of resources, it may be necessary to replace the lost capacity and energy at market wholesale rates which are significantly higher than the current blended cost-based resource mix.

# UTAH MUNICIPAL POWER AGENCY BALANCE SHEETS

#### **ASSETS**

	June 30, 2005	June 30, 2004
Utility Plant and Equipment - Note 1 & 2		
Interest in generating plant	\$ 28,363,194	\$ 27,996,905
Interest in transmission system	8,374,752	8,311,270
Other utility assets	1,501,470	1,463,863
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(18,316,327</u> )	<u>(17,229,293</u> )
Utility Plant and Equipment - Net	19,923,089	20,542,745
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents - Note 3	24,033,835	21,572,685
Accounts receivable		
Member power sales	<b>4,</b> 992, <b>43</b> 7	5,065,933
Non-member power sales	1,103,609	1,318,375
Inventory - Note 1	1,892,060	1,924,211
Prepaid capacity purchase - Note 7	193,8 <b>5</b> 2	-
Prepaid Deseret expense - Note 6	39,268	
Total Current Assets	32,255,061	29,881,204
Deferred Charges and Other Assets		
Capitalized bond issue costs (net of accumulated		
amortization of \$159,965 in 2005 and \$90,193	498,892	568,664
in 2004)	220,374	227,545
Other deferred charges  Deferred costs to be recovered in future billings	220,374	221,343
to members - Note 4	5,019,065	6,876,021
to members - Note 4	<u> </u>	0,070,021
Total Deferred Charges and Other Assets	<u>5,738,331</u>	<u>7,672,230</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 57,916,481</u>	\$ 58, <b>096</b> ,179

#### **NET ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

	June 30, 2005	June 30, 2004
Long-Term Liabilities - Note 5		
Revenue bonds payable	\$ 40,119,028	\$ 42,249,335
Member payable	4,655,000	5,118,000
Total Long-Term Liabilities	44,774,028	47,367,335
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	4,407,996	4,252,819
Capacity purchase payable - Note 7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	80,215
Deseret expense payable - Note 6	-	27,390
Accrued bond interest payable	1,031,900	1,064,100
Current portion of long-term liabilities - Note 5	2,190,000	1,610,000
Current portion of member payable - Note 5	463,000	439,000
Total Current Liabilities	8,092,896	7,473,524
Deferred Credits - Note 4	5,046,207	3,251,970
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	(22,385,939)	(23,316,590)
Restricted for debt service	7,481,650	6,933,850
Restricted for rate stabilization	5,046,207	3,251,970
Unrestricted	9,861,432	<u>13,134,120</u>
Total Net Assets	3,350	3,350
Total and Liabilities and Net Assets	<u>\$_57,916,481</u>	<b>\$</b> 58,096,179

# UTAH MUNICIPAL POWER AGENCY STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	For the Years	Ended June 30,
	2005	2004
Operating Revenue		
Power sales:		
Members	\$ 44,250,413	\$ 42,670,128
Non-members	14,256,317	10,963,140
Other operating revenue	497,226	157,924
Total Operating Revenue	59,003,956	53,791,192
Operating Expenses		
Dedicated resource costs	9,672,568	8,883,752
Western Area Power Administration	6,823,361	7,230,376
Generation costs	7,324,503	7,123,871
Other power costs	27,690,751	24,773,262
Depreciation	1,096,033	1, <b>081,</b> 891
General and administrative	<u>851,230</u>	<u>726,142</u>
Total Operating Expenses	53,458,446	49,819,294
Income from Operations	5,545,510	3,971,898
Non-Operating Revenue (Expense) / Gains (Losses)		
Interest income	615,730	425,844
Interest expense	(2,440,275)	(2,546,928)
Amortization	(69,772)	(72,665)
Expenses (Revenue) to be recovered (returned) in future periods	(3,651,193)	(1,778,149)
Net Non-Operating Expense	(5,545,510)	(3,971,898)
Change in Net Assets	-	-
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	3,350	3,350
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 3,350	\$ 3,350

# UTAH MUNICIPAL POWER AGENCY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	For the Years Ended June 30			ed June 30,
		2005		2004
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		_		
Receipts from members	\$	4 <b>4,</b> 323,910	\$	42,994,655
Other operating receipts		14,968,309		11,179,378
Payments for dedicated resources		(9,708,180)		(9,103,426)
Payments for UMPA resources		(7,359,010)		(8,149,019)
Payments for purchased power		(34,590,219)		(31,795,787)
Payments for other operating expenses	_	(851,230)		(726,142)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		6,783,580		4,399,659
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities			_	
Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities				
Bond and note payments		<b>(2,04</b> 9,00 <b>0)</b>		(419,000)
Interest paid on bonds		(2,412,783)		(1,920,513)
Acquisition of property and equipment		(476,377)		(113,521)
Payments for bond defeasance				(1,000)
		(4.000.1(0)		
Net Cash Used by Capital Financing Activities	_	(4,938,160)		(2,454,034)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Interest received on cash and investments		615,730		425,844
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		615,730		425,844
		<u> </u>		
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,461,150		2,371,469
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		21,572,685		19,201,216
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	<u>\$</u>	24,033,835	<u>\$</u>	21,572,685
Reconciliation of Income from Operations to Net Cash				
Provided by Operating Activities				
Income from operations	\$	5,545,510	\$	3,971,898
Noncash operating activities adjustment:				
Depreciation .		1,096,033		1,081,891
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		288,263		382,841
Prepaid expenses		(225,949)		<b>4,</b> 769
Inventory		32,151		(1,006,505)
Accounts payable		155,17 <b>7</b>		(93,531)
Capacity purchase payable		(80,215)		<b>76,</b> 939
Deseret expense payable		(27,39 <u>0</u> )		(18,643)
Net Cash Flows Provided by Operating Activities	<u>\$</u>	6,783,580	<u>\$</u>	4,399,659

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Utah Municipal Power Agency (UMPA or Agency) conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant of such policies.

Organization and Purpose—UMPA, a separate legal entity and political subdivision of the State of Utah, was formed by an agreement dated September 17, 1980, pursuant to the provisions of the Utah Interlocal Co-Operation Act. UMPA's membership consists of six municipalities (the Members). UMPA's purposes include planning, financing, development, acquisition, construction, improvement, betterment, operation, or maintenance of projects for the generation, transmission and distribution of electric energy for the benefit of its Members. UMPA purchased from Deserte Generation and Transmission Co-Operative (DG&T) an undivided interest in the Bonanza Station on December 19, 1985, and began selling power to the Members at that time. The following governmental entities are UMPA Members:

Town of Levan
Manti City Corporation
Nephi City Corporation
Provo City Corporation
Salem City Corporation
Spanish Fork City Corporation

Basis of Accounting—The Agency follows the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission's Uniform System of Accounts and maintains accounting records on an accrual basis, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, including the application of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 71, Accounting for the Effect of Certain Types of Regulation, as the statement relates to the deferral of revenues and expenses to future periods in which the revenues are earned or the expenses are recovered through the rate-making process. The Agency complies with all applicable pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). In accordance with GASB Statement No. 20, the Agency has elected not to follow the guidance of Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements issued after November 30, 1989.

Cash Equivalents—For purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, the Agency considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. See also Note 3.

Investments—Investments consist of certificates of deposit, United States Government and government agency securities, and securities allowed according to the State of Utah Money Management Act which are stated at fair value. As discussed in Note 3, all of the investments other than unrestricted funds are restricted as to their use by the General Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2003, (the Bond Indenture) to Wells Fargo Bank Northwest.

Utility Plant and Equipment—The interest in generating plants consists of (i) a 3.75% undivided ownership interest (representing approximately 17 MW of capacity) in a 458 MW coal-fired generating unit (Bonanza Unit 1) located at the Bonanza Station in northeastern Utah, (ii) a 1.875% undivided ownership interest in certain common facilities constructed to serve both Bonanza Unit 1 and a similar sized unit which may be constructed adjacent thereto (Bonanza Unit 2), and (iii) a 6.25% undivided ownership interest in certain related transmission facilities and miscellaneous related rights and interests.

The plant is stated at original cost, which represents the actual cost to DG&T of labor, materials, and indirect costs, such as engineering, supervision, transportation, and allowance for borrowed funds used during construction, plus capitalized interest on bonds until the Bonanza Unit 1 was placed in commercial operation.

Furniture and equipment purchased by UMPA are stated at cost.

UMPA uses the following useful lives in depreciating fixed assets under the straight-line method:

Office Building 30 Years
Furniture and Equipment 3 - 7 Years
Interest in Utility Plant 20 - 40 Years

Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs—Unamortized bond issuance costs related to the issuance of the UMPA Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds 2003 Series A are amortized on the effective interest method over the term of the bonds.

Deferred Charges—Other deferred charges are costs incurred in conducting project feasibility studies.

Taxes—UMPA is not subject to federal or state taxes but has agreed to make payments in lieu of ad valorem taxes to Uintah County in respect of its interest in Bonanza Unit 1. UMPA paid \$79,069 to Uintah County during the 2005 fiscal year and \$81,576 in fiscal 2004.

Inventory—Inventory consists of the following items:

- 1. Coal stockpiled at the Bonanza Station. The inventory is valued at lower of cost or market on the moving average basis, valued at \$1,619,060 and \$1,651,211 at June 30, 2005 and 2004 respectively.
- 2. Working capital inventory warehoused at Hunter #1 Plant. The inventory is valued at lower of cost or market on the moving average basis, valued at \$273,000 at June 30, 2005 and 2004.

Rates—Utah State law provides that UMPA's Board of Directors (Board) has sole authority to establish power supply rates to its Members. In accordance with its Bond Indenture, the Agency shall establish rates which, together with other revenues, are reasonably expected to pay its operating costs (not including depreciation and amortization) and at least 1.00 times its aggregate debt service. Power supply services provided by the Agency are not subject to state or federal rate regulation.

Revenue—The Bond Indenture requires UMPA to fix and collect fees and charges sufficient to meet operating expenses and debt service. UMPA accomplishes this by estimating the current year operating expenses and debt service and then billing the member cities monthly at a rate sufficient to match the estimates plus any Board directed charges (See Note 4). The estimates and billings are updated periodically to reflect the difference between the actual and the estimates.

Deferred Costs to be Recovered in Future Billings to Members—Costs in excess of the amounts currently billable to the Members are to be recovered from future revenues by setting rates sufficient to provide funds for the related debt service requirements. As allowed through the applications of the provisions of SFAS No. 71, current costs in excess of funding are deferred and shown as deferred costs to be recovered in future periods on the accompanying balance sheets and as expenses to be recovered in future periods on the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets. These costs represent depreciation of electric plant and equipment, amortization of long-term debt issuance costs, amortization of long-term debt premium/discount, gain/loss on disposed assets, and amortization of cost of reacquired debt in excess of amounts currently billed to Members.

Deferred Credits — The Agency designs its electric service rates to recover costs, as defined above, of providing power supply services. In order to minimize possible future rate increases, the Board has adopted a rate stabilization formula whereby each month the Agency collects amounts which are differences between budgeted results of operations and actual results of operations. The Board periodically reviews the amounts collected and may adjust the contribution as they deem prudent. For the years ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, \$1,794,237 and \$1,210,324, respectively including interest, were contributed to the rate stabilization fund and reflected as an increase in deferred credits reported on the balance sheets.

#### NOTE 2-UTILITY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Capital asset activity for the years ended June 30, 2005 and 2004 is as follows:

Utility Plant and Equipment as of Ju	ıne 3	Beginning Balance 0, 2005		Additions		irements <u>Transfers</u>		Ending Balance
Generating Plant Transmission Plant Other utility assets	\$	27,996,905 8,311,270 1,463,863	\$	366,289 63,482 46,606	\$	- (8,999)	\$	28,363,194 8,374,752 1,501,470
Less accumulated depreciation: Generation plant Transmission plant Other utility assets Utility Plant and Equipment, net	<u>\$</u>	(12,675,473) (3,799,635) (754,185) 20,542,745	<u>\$</u>	(774,303) (216,143) (105,587) (619,656)	<u> </u>	8,999 -	<u> </u>	(13,449,776) (4,015,778) (850,773) 19,923,089
Utility Plant and Equipment as of Ju		Beginning Balance 0, 2004		<u>Additions</u>		rements <u>Fransfers</u>		Ending Balance
Utility Plant and Equipment as of Ju Generating Plant Transmission Plant Other utility assets		Balance	\$	6,608 42,141 64,772			\$	_
Generating Plant Transmission Plant	ne 30	Balance 0, 2004 27,990,297 8,269,129		6,608 <b>42,14</b> 1	_&_	<u>Fransfers</u> - -	\$	27,996,905 8,311,270

#### NOTE 3-CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and cash equivalents as of each year end are detailed as follows:

	200	<u>2004</u>
Cash and cash equivalents: Deposits	\$ 899.35	0 \$ 2,119,604
Investment in the Utah State PTIF	15,455,13	3 12,812,319
Money market accounts  Total Cash And Cash Equivalents	7,679,35 \$ 24,033,83	

Deposits—It is the policy of UMPA to invest funds in compliance with state and local laws, regulations, and other policies governing the investment of public funds, specifically according to the terms and conditions of the State Money Management Act of 1974 and Rules of the State Money Management Council as currently amended (the "Act"), and the Agency's own written investment policy. UMPA's bank deposits are covered by federal depository insurance up to \$100,000.

The Act requires the depositing of UMPA funds in a "Qualified Depository." The Act defines a "qualified depository" as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of the federal government and which has been certified by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council. All of the Agency's deposits during the years ended June 30, 2005 and 2004 were made with Qualified Depositories.

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk—Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Agency's deposits may not be returned to it. The State of Utah does not require collateral on deposits. As of June 30, 2005, \$23,933,835 of the Agency's bank balance was uninsured and uncollateralized and therefore was exposed to some degree of custodial credit risk.

Investments—The Agency may place public money in investments authorized by the Money Management Act (U.C.A. 51-7-11). The Chief Financial Manager shall ensure that all purchases and sales of securities are settled within 15 days of the trade date. In general, these investments can be any of the following subject to restrictions specified in the Act: (1) Obligations of the U.S. Treasury and most Government-Sponsored Enterprises; (2) Commercial paper; (3) Bankers Acceptances; (4) Publicly traded, fixed rate corporate obligations; (5) Certain variable rate securities and deposits; (6) Deposits with the State Public Treasurer's Investment Pool; (7) Certain fixed rate negotiable deposits with a certified depository. The Agency's investment policy does not allow an investment in a master repurchase agreement, a repurchase agreement, or a reverse-repurchase agreement. Further by policy, as measured by cost, no more than 50% of the Agency's portfolio may be invested in any one class of investment. This restriction does not apply to obligations of the U.S. Government and the Utah State Public Treasurer's Investment Fund.

Investment Interest Rate Risk—The Agency's formal investment policy limits investment maturities to a maximum of three years as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Forward Delivery Agreements—On July 16, 2003, UMPA entered into a forward delivery agreement for the purchase of Qualified Investments, as defined by the 2003 Series Bond Indenture, for the Series 2003 bond reserve funds. The Qualified Investments delivered under this agreement provide an investment rate of return of 4.33% through January 1, 2018, the term of the agreement.

On November 18, 2003, UMPA entered into a forward delivery agreement for the purchase of Qualified Investments, as defined by the 2003 Series Bond Indenture, for the Series 2003 bond service funds. The Qualified Investments delivered under this agreement provide an investment rate of return of 4.50% through June 29, 2018, the term of the agreement.

Arbitrage Rebate—Under U.S Treasury Department regulations, all governmental tax-exempt debt issued after August 31, 1986, is subject to arbitrage rebate requirements. Interest income on bond proceeds which exceeds the cost of borrowing is payable to the federal government on every fifth anniversary of each bond issue. The estimated arbitrage liability is included in accrued liabilities on the balance sheet and the estimated arbitrage expense is recorded as a reduction of interest income. At June 30, 2005 and 2004, the estimated liability is \$0 and \$0, respectively.

## NOTE 4-DEFERRED CREDITS/DEFERRED CHARGES TO BE RETURNED/RECOVERED IN BILLINGS TO MEMBERS

UMPA bills its Members at rates which will provide revenues sufficient to cover the costs of operating and maintaining UMPA and the costs of debt service, but not items such as depreciation, amortization, gains/losses on sale and disposal of capital assets, and deferred credits. This amount represents the unbilled amount of such costs or other charges to Members, which are to be recovered or returned in future billings and are classified as deferred costs or revenues in the accompanying financial statements.

UMPA's Board of Directors established a Rate Stabilization Fund (RSF) on September 22, 1999. The purpose of the fund is to set aside funds to assist in maintaining stable rates to Members in the event of unplanned or extraordinary operation, maintenance, or capital replacement costs. The fund can also be used for early retirement of debt. The monthly fund contribution, if any, is the difference between the budgeted results of operations and actual results of operations.

Differences exist between the costs used in the determination of power rates and the revenues and expenses reportable under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). No net earnings are reported in the accompanying financial statements because differences described above have been deferred and will reverse when costs included in power rates exceed revenues and expenses reportable under GAAP. These timing differences consist mainly of debt service payments, depreciation, amortization, gains and losses for the sale of assets and RSF additions and uses. The following is a summary of those differences.

The balance sheet amounts at end of year include the following classifications:

	2005	<u>2004</u>
Deferred Credits Designated for rate stabilization	<u>\$ (5,046,207)</u>	<u>\$ (3,251,970)</u>
Deferred Charges		
Net costs to be recovered in future billings to members	<b>\$</b> 5,019,065	\$ 6,876,021

#### **NOTE 5-LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

Long-term liability activity for the years ended June 30, 2005 and 2004 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
Long-term liabilities - June 30, 2005	;			
Long-term revenue bonds Less:	\$ 43,780,000	\$ -	\$ (1,610,000)	<b>\$ 42,170,0</b> 00
Current maturities Unamortized premium, net Unamortized reacquisition cost	(1,610,000) 2,427,405 (2,348,070)	(2,190,000)	1,610,000 (228,403) 88,096	(2,190,000) 2,199,002 (2,059,974)
Long-term revenue bonds, net	42,249,335	(2,190,000)	59,693	40,119,028
Long-term member payable Less:	5,557,000	-	(439,000)	5,118,000
Current maturities	(439,000)	(463,000)	439,000	(463,000)
Long-term member payable	5,118,000	(463,000)	<del>-</del>	4,655,000
Total long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 47,367,335</u>	<u>\$ (2.653,000)</u>	\$ 59,693	<u>\$ 44,774,028</u>
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
Long-term liabilities - June 30, 2004	Balance	Additions	Reductions	
Long-term revenue bonds	Balance	Additions \$ -	Reductions \$ -	
<b>.</b> .	Balance			Balance
Long-term revenue bonds Less: Current maturities Unamortized premium, net	<b>Balance</b> \$ 43,780,000 2,644,795	\$ -	\$ - (217,390)	\$ 43,780,000 (1,610,000) 2,427,405
Long-term revenue bonds Less: Current maturities Unamortized premium, net Unamortized reacquisition cost Long-term revenue bonds, net Long-term member payable	\$ 43,780,000 \$ 2,644,795 (2,648,002)	\$ - (1,610,000)	\$ - (217,390) 299,932	\$ 43,780,000 (1,610,000) 2,427,405 (2,348,070)
Long-term revenue bonds Less: Current maturities Unamortized premium, net Unamortized reacquisition cost Long-term revenue bonds, net	\$ 43,780,000 2,644,795 (2,648,002) 43,776,793	\$ - (1,610,000)	\$ - (217,390) 299,932 82,542	\$ 43,780,000 (1,610,000) 2,427,405 (2,348,070) 42,249,335
Long-term revenue bonds Less: Current maturities Unamortized premium, net Unamortized reacquisition cost Long-term revenue bonds, net Long-term member payable Less:	\$ 43,780,000 2,644,795 (2,648,002) 43,776,793 5,976,000	\$ - (1,610,000) - - - (1.610,000)	\$ - (217,390) 299,932 82,542 (419,000)	\$ 43,780,000 (1,610,000) 2,427,405 (2,348,070) 42,249,335 5,557,000

Revenue Bonds Payable— On April 3, 2003 UMPA issued \$43,780,000 of 2003 Series Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds (referred to as 2003 Bonds), with an average coupon rate of 4.96 percent to advance refund \$45,560,000 of outstanding 1993 Series A Electric Revenue Bonds (referred to as 1993 Bonds). The 2003 Bonds, combined with the fiscal year 2003 annual debt service payments, retired 100 percent of the outstanding 1993 Bonds. The net proceeds of \$45,810,894 (including premium of \$2,703,218 and reduction for \$657,856 cost of issuance) and additional UMPA funds of \$547,839 were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for the July 1, 2003 call of the 1993 Bonds.

The current refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$2,720,490. This cost of reacquired debt, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from bonds payable, is being charged to operations through the year 2018 using the effective interest method.

The cash outflows without this refund were to be \$67,360,038 and the cash outflows as a result of this refund are to be \$63,823,939 for a reduction in total debt service payments over the life of the bonds of \$3,536,099. The economic gain is \$1,987,454 as a result of this refunding.

Maturities and coupon interest rates associated with the 2003 bonds are as follows:

D 11 4004 D 1	<u>Due</u>	Amount	<del></del>	Rate
Remaining 2003 Bonds				
	2006	2,19 <b>0,0</b> 00	4.00%	Serial Bonds
	2007	2,280,000	4.00%	Serial Bonds
	2008	2,365,000	5.00%	Serial Bonds
	2009	2,485,000	5.00%	Serial Bonds
	2010	2,610,000	5.00%	Serial Bonds
	2011	2,7 <b>40,0</b> 00	5.00%	Serial Bonds
	2012	2,880,000	5.00%	Serial Bonds
	2013	3,020,000	5.00%	Serial Bonds
	2014	3,175,000	5.00%	Serial Bonds
	2015	3,330,000	5.00%	Serial Bonds
	2016	3,500,000	5.00%	Serial Bonds
	2017	3,68 <b>0,0</b> 00	5.00%	Serial Bonds
	2018	3,860,000	5.00%	Serial Bonds
	2019	4,055,000	5.00%	Serial Bonds
Principal Amount		<b>42,170,0</b> 00		
Unamortized premium		2,199,002		
Unamortized cost of reacquired debt		(2,059,974)		
Total Bonds Payable, net of				
unamortized premium		<u>\$ 42,309,028</u>		
Total Bonds Payable		\$ <b>42,309,02</b> 8		
Less current portion		(2,190,000)		
Total Long-Term Liabilities		<b>\$</b> 40,119,028		

The Bond Indenture provides that UMPA is not obligated to make payment of the Revenue Bonds from funds other than Pledged Funds, generally defined as: (1) the proceeds from the sale of the Revenue Bonds; (2) revenues from UMPA's electric system and certain investment income; and (3) all funds established by the Indenture.

The Bond Indenture requires that certain funds be established to account for UMPA's receipts and disbursements. The cash and investments held in these funds are restricted for the purposes as stipulated in the Indenture.

Revenue Fund Held by UMPA—This fund receives revenue and pays all costs of operation and maintenance. Funds are transferred to other funds in the following order: Bond Fund, Repair and Replacement Fund, and Rate Stabilization Fund.

Bond Fund Held By Trustee—This fund pays all interest and principal related to the Revenue Bonds. At the end of each month, amounts required to be on deposit are the accrued interest payable, the accrued portion of the next principal installment due, and an amount equal to the largest future annual debt service requirement.

Repair and Replacement Fund Held by UMPA—This fund may be drawn on and used by the Agency for the purpose of (a) paying the cost of unusual or extraordinary maintenance or repairs of the system; (b) paying the cost of any renewals, renovation, improvements, expansion or replacements to the system; and (c) paying the cost of any replacement of buildings, lines, equipment and other related facilities, to the extent the same are not paid as part of the ordinary and normal expense of the operation of the system. The Bond Indenture, and First Supplemental Indenture dated April 1, 2003, do not establish a reserve requirement with respect to the 2003 Bonds. The amount in the Repair and Replacement Fund is determined annually by the Board.

Rate Stabilization Fund Held by UMPA—This fund may receive transfers from the net revenues of the Revenue Fund and may transfer amounts to the Revenue Fund to cover any insufficiency. The Board has adopted a formula whereby each month the Agency collects amounts which are differences between budgeted results of operations and actual results of operations. The Board periodically reviews the amounts collected and may adjust the contribution as they deem prudent. Amounts on deposit in the fund may be used for any lawful purpose.

#### The following table shows debt service requirements:

Year Ending			Total Debt
June 30,	Principal	Interest	<u>Service</u>
2006	2,190,000	2,020,000	4,210,000
2007	2,280,000	1,930,600	4,210,600
2008	2,365,000	1,825,875	4,190,875
2009	2,485,000	1,704,625	4,189,625
2010	2,610,000	1,577,250	4,187,250
2011 - 2015	15,145,000	5,740,625	20,885,625
2016 - 2019	<u>15,095,000</u>	1,555,625	16,650,625
	<u>\$ 42,170,000</u>	<u>\$ 16.354,600</u>	\$ <u>58,524,600</u>

Member Payable—The Agency and Provo City made a joint decision to sell their respective interests in the Cove Fort Geothermal Plant in fiscal year 2003. The sale of the plant will provide a future economic benefit by reduced costs and lower rates to Members. The plant was a resource dedicated to the Agency under the Capacity Purchase Agreement (CPA) between Provo City and UMPA. The Agency reimbursed Provo for actual costs of operating the plant, including Provo's associated debt service on the plant. These costs were operating expenses for dedicated resources on the Agency's financial statements. The sale of the plant removed the resource from the CPA and also the Agency's obligation to reimburse Provo for the remaining debt service. Because of the future economic benefit, UMPA agreed to continue to pay the remaining outstanding debt, less net sale proceeds. The effective interest rate on the payable is 4.86%. These agreed reimbursements are levelized over the remaining debt service life. The resulting loss on sale of the plant of \$7,246,317 consisted of \$1,270,317 attributed to disposed Agency plant assets and \$5,976,000 remaining principal balance payable to Provo City.

#### The following table shows member payable requirements:

Year Ending			Total
June 30,	<b>Principal</b>	Interest	<u>Payment</u>
2006	463,000	292,813	755,813
2007	511,000	244,091	755,091
2008	<b>549</b> ,000	206,904	755,904
2009	<b>594.</b> 000	161,888	755,888
2010	<b>642</b> ,000	113,700	755,700
2011 - 2013	2,359,000	(92,690)	2,266,310
	<b>\$</b> 5,118,000	\$ 92 <b>6,7</b> 06	\$ 6,044,706

#### NOTE 6-PREPAID DESERET EXPENSES

#### **Related Party Transaction**

DG&T, which is a joint owner with UMPA and operator of the Bonanza Plant, bills UMPA in advance under DG&T's operating budget for costs expected to be incurred for each month's power usage. The actual costs are finalized two months after the initial billing. At June 30, 2005 and 2004 UMPA had prepaid DG&T for May and June's power usage. Prepayment and actual expenses were as follows:

	2005	<u> 2004</u>
Prepayment Actual expenses	\$ 1,271,850 (1,232,582)	\$ 1,33 <b>0,28</b> 8 (1,35 <b>7,</b> 678)
Prepaid / (Payable) to DG&T	\$ <u>39,268</u>	\$ (27,390)

#### NOTE 7-PREPAID UNDER CAPACITY PURCHASE AGREEMENT

#### Related Party Transaction

Provo City, a member of UMPA, bills UMPA in advance each month in accordance with a capacity purchase agreement. The actual costs are determined two months after the initial billing. Prepayment and actual expenses were as follows:

	2005	2004
Prepayment Actual expenses	\$ 1,558,689 (1,364,837)	\$ 1,09 <b>8,6</b> 09 (1,17 <b>8,824</b> )
Prepaid / (Payable) under Capacity Purchase Agreement	\$ 193,852	\$ (80,215)

#### NOTE 8-COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

**Power Sales Contracts**—Power Sales Agreements between UMPA and each of the Members provide that UMPA shall sell and deliver and the Member shall purchase and receive all electric power and energy required by the Member to meet the loads on its electric system. The Power Sales Agreements shall remain in effect through December 21, 2025. The agreements do not specify any particular power supply resource as the source of UMPA's power.

Power Purchase Contracts—UMPA has entered into several power purchase contracts with various terms and conditions. The estimated minimum payments required are summarized below. The Western Area Power Administration (WAPA) contracts provide power and energy through September 30, 2024. UMPA has two contracts with DG&T. One contract is based on a fixed percentage share of the fixed costs of the Bonanza plant over the expected plant life and is estimated to end June 30, 2025. The other contract provides for a predetermined power amount and no associated minimum energy amount from various DG&T resources through December 31, 2019. UMPA has two firm contracts with PacifiCorp. One contract, which expired on June 30, 2005, required a fixed monthly quantity of power to be taken with both a minimum quantity of associated energy. The other PacifiCorp contract expires June 30, 2017, and provides for different minimum power and energy requirements. Contract pricing is fixed for each five-year period with a provision for UMPA to cancel at the end of the such period if better pricing terms are found elsewhere and PacifiCorp elects not to offer a matching price. The next five-year pricing period ends June 30, 2007.

Year Ending <u>June 30,</u>	WAPA_	DG&T	<b>PacifiCorp</b>
Actual expenses:			
2004	7,536,259	10,757,437	12,261,912
2005	7,127,816	14,058,029	11,939,226
Estimated minimum payments:			
2006	7,220,646	9,953,136	7,514,275
2007	7,427,229	13,058,400	7,514,275
2008	7,488,406	13.058.400	7,514,275
2009	7,547,075	13,058,400	7,514,275
2010	7,547,075	13,058,400	7,514,275
2011 - 2015	37,735,375	65,292,000	37,571,375
2016 - 2020	37,735,375	60,112,800	15,028,550
2021 - 2025	30,188,300	13,500,200	,020,000

Dedicated Resource Costs—UMPA is has entered into Capacity Purchase Agreements with Levan, Manti, Nephi and Provo as to their existing electric generating capacity. These agreements have estimated remaining facility lives of 10-25 years. Under the Capacity Purchase Agreements, generation capacity and energy from the Members' resources are dedicated to UMPA to meet the load requirements of its Members. The agreements provide that UMPA pays to the Members actual fixed and variable costs associated with the resources. The contracts terms coincide with the Members Power Sale Contracts. Minimum payments are estimated to be:

Year Ending June 30,	Dedicated Resource Costs
Actual expenses:	
2004	7,920,280
2005	8,632,380
Estimated minimum payments:	·
2006	5,472,212
2007	5,455,364
<b>200</b> 8	5,443,148
<b>200</b> 9	5,416,976
<b>201</b> 0	5,384,324
2011 - 2015	23,617,304
2016 - 2020	7,540,868
2021 - 2025	6,767,720

#### NOTE 9-EMPLOYEE PENSIONS

UMPA's Board of Directors has adopted a pension plan which provides for retirement contributions equal to 17.9% of all full-time employees' annual wages. For fiscal year ending June 30, 2005, an 11.09% contribution was made to Utah State Retirement Systems (USRS), a defined benefit plan, and the remaining 6.81% was contributed to the employee's 401(k), a defined contribution plan. The employee's 401(k) plan is administered by either the USRS or Evergreen Funds. Certain wages, such as annual sick leave payouts not earned in the current year and retirement benefit payouts, are not subject to USRS defined benefit plan contributions. In such instances, the full 17.9% retirement contribution is deposited in the employee's 401(k) plan.

The USRS, of which UMPA is a member, are multiple employer, cost sharing retirement systems providing refunds, retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes. These benefits are based on years of service and highest average salaries. These systems cover substantially all eligible public employees of UMPA and educational employees, as well as participating local governmental entities.

UMPA is legally obligated to contribute to the retirement system as long as they have employees meeting membership requirements. The contribution rates are the actuarially determined rates. The contribution requirements of the USRS are authorized by statute and specified by its board. The contribution rates in effect from July 1, 2002 through June 30, 2005 applied to the qualified total salary for eligible employees are as follows:

	Contr	ibution Rates	
	2005	2004	2003
USRS Non-contributory USRS or Evergreen Funds 401(k)	11.09% 6.81%	9. <b>62%</b> 8.2 <b>8%</b>	8.69% 9.21%

All contributions by UMPA for the years ended June 30, 2005, 2004 and 2003 were paid by the due dates or within 30 days thereafter. The total salaries and the amount of employer's contributions paid during the year are as follows:

	_	2005	_	2004	_	2003
Total salaries Total salaries subject to USRS	\$	1,283,989	\$	1,235,623	\$	1,914,489
retirement contributions Employer contributions - USRS Employer contributions - 401(k)	\$ \$ \$	1,283,989 1 <b>42,</b> 394 8 <b>7,</b> 440	\$ \$ \$	1,235,623 118,867 102,310	\$ \$ \$	1,739,185 151,135 191,559
Employee contributions - 401(k)	\$	12,864	\$	13,080	\$	16,231

The Utah State Retirement Systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code, Annotated 1953, as amended. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the Utah Retirement Systems and Plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board (Board) whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems issued a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System, Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, Public Safety Retirement System, and Firefighters Retirement System. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 560 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, UT 84102 or by calling 1-800-365-8772.

#### NOTE 10-RISK MANAGEMENT

The Agency is subject to various risks of loss related to general liability and property insurance. The Agency has purchased commercially available indemnity insurance to cover these risks. The deductible amounts for this insurance would be immaterial to the Agency. The amount of insurance settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

# UTAH MUNICIPAL POWER AGENCY SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FUNDS ESTABLISHED BY THE BOND INDENTURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Revenue	Bond Fund	Repair & Replacement Fund	Rate Stabilization Fund	Total
Balance July 1, 2004	\$ 10,186,865	\$ 6,933,850	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 3,251,970	\$ 21,572,685
Additions and Transfers Investment earnings Power sales and other receipts Transfers (to) from other funds	615,730 59,292,219 (6,364,82 <u>0</u> )	- - - 4,570,583	1 1	1,794,237	615,730 59,292,219
Total Additions and Transfers	53,543,129	4,570,583	ı	1,794,237	59.907.949
Deductions Operating & Maintenance Expenses Purchase of Capital Additions Interest Expense Bond Principal Payments Note Principal Payments	52,508,639 476,377 - - 439,000	2,412,783	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	52,508,639 476,377 2,412,783 1,610,000 439,000
Total Deductions	53,424,016	4,022,783	1	1	57.446.799
Balance June 30, 2005	\$ 10,305,978	\$ 7,481,650	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 5,046,207	\$ 24,033,835

#### **UTAH MUNICIPAL POWER AGENCY**

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT IN COMPLIANCE WITH **GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS** AND STATE OF UTAH LEGAL COMPLIANCE

June 30, 2005

HANSEN, BARNETT & MAXWELL
A Professional Corporation

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

#### UTAH MUNICIPAL POWER AGENCY SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT IN COMPLIANCE WITH GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS AND STATE OF UTAH LEGAL COMPLIANCE

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER
MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED
IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Utah Municipal Power Agency Spanish Fork, Utah

We have audited the financial statements of Utah Municipal Power Agency, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, and have issued our report thereon, dated September 20, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Utah Municipal Power Agency's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Utah Municipal Power Agency's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, and contracts, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

HANSEN, BARNETT & MAXWELL

Salt Lake City, Utah September 20, 2005

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# UTAH STATE COMPLIANCE REPORT BASED ON THE REQUIREMENTS, SPECIAL TESTS AND PROVISIONS REQUIRED BY THE STATE OF UTAH'S LEGAL COMPLIANCE AUDIT GUIDE

To the Board of Directors Utah Municipal Power Agency Spanish Fork, Utah

We have audited the financial statements of the Utah Municipal Power Agency (the Agency), for the year ended June 30, 2005 and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 2005. Our audit included test work on the Agency's compliance with those general compliance requirements identified in the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide, including:

Cash Management
Purchasing Requirements
Budgetary Compliance
Special Districts
Other General Compliance Issues

The Agency did not receive any major or nonmajor State grants during the year ended June 30, 2005.

The management of Utah Municipal Power Agency is responsible for the Agency's compliance with all compliance requirements identified above. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards, issued in by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Agency's compliance with those requirements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The results of our audit procedures disclosed no instances of noncompliance with requirements referred to above.

In our opinion, the Utah Municipal Power Agency, complied, in all material respects, with the general compliance requirements identified above for the year ended June 30, 2005.

HANSEN, BARNETT & MAXWELL

Salt Lake City, Utah September 20, 2005

A Professional Corporation
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To the Board of Directors and Management Utah Municipal Power Agency

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Utah Municipal Power Agency (UMPA) for the year ended June 30, 2005, we considered its internal control structure in determining our auditing procedures. We do this for the purpose of expressing our opinion of the financial statements rather than to provide assurance on the internal control structure. We did not note any matters involving the internal control structure and its operation which we consider to be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control structure that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the organization's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses

We encourage the board to continue its oversight of the management and financial activities of UMPA. This is an important and integral part of the organization's control structure. Management should continue to provide the board with whatever relevant information it may request as well as perform those duties at the board's direction.

In the course of our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we performed an internal control walk through which included a discussion with certain employees any knowledge or instances of fraud. We also selected samples of cash disbursements and cash receipts for testing to determine if the sampled items were authorized and transacted in accordance with established policies and procedures. Cash disbursements were tested for attributes including proper authorization, supporting documentation, appropriate signatures, appropriate payees, and appropriate classification within the general ledger accounts. Cash receipts were tested for appropriateness and for proper coding within the general ledger accounts. Cash receipts were also tested for compliance with particular State compliance matters as dictated by the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide. Other matters were also tested for compliance with that guide. In addition, certain testing was performed to satisfy the requirements of Government Auditing Standards. In connection with the testing to satisfy State and Federal requirements, we issued separate reports as required by those standards. No significant exceptions were noted.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Utah Municipal Power Agency, Board of Directors, management, members, and applicable government agencies.

Hansen, Barnett & MAXWELL

Salt Lake City, Utah September 20, 2005